



7. WATER, WATER, EVERYWHERE

Watershed information cards

ARCTIC OCEAN WATERSHED

Water that flows into and around the Arctic Ocean is part of the **Arctic Ocean watershed**. It extends over six provinces and territories: British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Yukon, Nunavut and the Northwest Territories. The largest river flowing into this watershed is the 4,241-kilometre-long Mackenzie River.





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PACIFIC OCEAN WATERSHED

The Rocky Mountains, located along the Alberta-British Columbia border, create a continental divide. To the west of this divide is the **Pacific Ocean watershed**. The largest rivers in this watershed are the Fraser River, Yukon River and Columbia River.





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HUDSON BAY WATERSHED

About 30 per cent of Canada's fresh water drains into the **Hudson Bay watershed**, which includes portions of Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut, as well as four American states: Montana, South Dakota, North Dakota and Minnesota.

The major rivers of this watershed are Manitoba's Nelson River and Manitoba's Churchill River, which flow east from the continental divide, as well as Quebec's La Grande Rivière.



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ATLANTIC OCEAN WATERSHED

Most water in Eastern Canada and the Maritimes flows to the **Atlantic Ocean watershed**. The Great Lakes–St. Lawrence system is the largest waterway in the watershed. Other major Canadian rivers flowing through this watershed include Labrador's Churchill River and New Brunswick's Saint John River.



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